MEMORANDUM FOR SEE DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Protection-Related Inspections and Assessments Policy

1. References.
   b. USARC OPERATION ORDER 17-050 (United States Army Reserve Command (USARC), Army Reserve Integrated Protection (ARIP) with FRAGORDs 001-003.

2. Purpose. The purpose of this memorandum is to update policy regarding USARC unit failures of protection-related inspections and assessments.

3. Intent. The Commander’s intent is to focus subordinate Commanders’ attention toward managing risk at echelon. Protection-related functions and enabling functions are not independent actions; integrating these critical functions into events and activities is an essential part of the planning process. Effective protection minimizes risk from threats and hazards and strengthens the Army Reserve’s ability to prepare for, prevent, respond to, and recover from future incidents. Protection activities increase resilience by reducing the impact and/or duration of disruptive events on missions, functions, and supporting assets and capabilities.

4. Background. Formal higher headquarters Protection-related inspections and assessments are those associated with the twelve non-warfighting Protection functional elements and three enabling functions in AR 525-2, The Army Protection Program, Figure 3-1. All formal Protection-related inspections and assessments, regardless of the echelon, are subject to this policy. Examples of Protection-related inspections include but are not limited to Antiterrorism Program Reviews, Physical Security Compliance Inspections, Cybersecurity Readiness Inspections, Organizational Inspection Program inspections of Security programs, and OPSEC Program Reviews.

5. Policy.
   a. Commanders of USARC organizations failing to meet minimum standards during formal higher headquarters Protection-related inspections/assessments must brief the first general officer in the mission chain of command within 60 days of receiving formal notification of a failure. Briefings will incorporate a description of the deficiencies and the corrective actions planned or taken. Thereafter and on a monthly basis, USARC organizations must report their corrective action status through the chain of command to
the first general officer in the mission chain of command until all corrective actions are completed.

b. USARC Major Subordinate Command (MSC) Commanders who fail to meet the minimum standards during formal higher headquarters Protection-related inspections/assessments will brief the USARC Deputy Commanding General within 60 days of receiving formal notification of a failure. Briefings will incorporate a description of the deficiencies and the corrective actions planned or taken. Thereafter and on a monthly basis, MSCs will report their corrective action status to the USARC G-34 until all corrective actions are completed.

6. The point of contact for this memorandum is COL Al Yonkovitz, USARC G-34/Provost Marshal, at (910) 570-9111 or at albert.f.yonkovitz.mil@mail.mil.

DISTRIBUTION:
GEOGRAPHIC COMMANDS:

1 MSC
7 MSC
9 MSC
63 DIV (R)
   - USAG-FHL
81 DIV (R)
   - USAG-Fort Buchanan
88 DIV (R)
   - USAG-Fort McCoy
99 DIV (R)
   - ASA-Dix

FUNCTIONAL COMMANDS:

3 MCDS
76 ORC
79 TSC
200 MP CMD
311 SC (T)
335 SC (T)
377 TSC
AFRC-OPM
SUBJECT: Protection-Related Inspections and Assessments Policy

412 TEC
416 TEC
807 MCDS
ARAC
ARCD
AR-MEDCOM
(CONT)

DISTRIBUTION: (CONT)
LEGAL CMD
MIRC
USACAPOC(A)
75 TNG CMD (MC)
80 TNG CMD (TASS)
84 TNG CMD (UR)
85 USAR SPT CMD
108 TNG CMD (IET)
USARC SPT CMD (1A)

CF:
USARC DIR/DEP/CH/ASST
OCAR Directors and Deputies
USARC Executive Officers