MEMORANDUM FOR SEE DISTRIBUTION

SUBJECT: Chief of Army Reserve/Commanding General, US Army Reserve Command Policy #23-02: Protection-Related Inspections and Assessments Policy

1. References.

   
   b. USARC OPERATION ORDER 22-009 (United States Army Reserve Command (USARC), Army Reserve Integrated Protection (ARIP)).

2. Purpose. The purpose of this memorandum is to establish policy regarding USARC unit failures of protection-related inspections and assessments.

3. Intent. The Commander’s intent is to focus subordinate Commanders’ attention toward managing risk at echelon. Protection-related functions and enabling functions are not independent actions; integrating these critical functions into events and activities is an essential part of the planning process. Effective protection minimizes risk from threats and hazards and strengthens the Army Reserve’s ability to prepare for, prevent, respond to, and recover from future incidents. Protection activities increase resilience by reducing the impact and/or duration of disruptive events on missions, functions, and supporting assets and capabilities.

4. Background. Formal higher headquarters Protection-Related Inspections and Assessments are those associated with the twelve non-warfighting Protection Functional Elements and three Enabling Functions in AR 525-2, Figure 3-1. All formal Protection-Related Inspections and Assessments, regardless of the echelon, are subject to this policy. Examples of Protection-Related Inspections include but are not limited to Antiterrorism Program Reviews, Physical Security Compliance Inspections, Cybersecurity Readiness Inspections, Security Programs inspections within the Organizational Inspection Program, and Operational Security (OPSEC) Program Reviews.

5. Policy.

   a. Commanders of USARC organizations failing to meet minimum standards during formal higher headquarters Protection-related inspections/assessments must brief the first general officer in the mission chain of command within 60 days of receiving formal
notification of a failure. Briefings will incorporate a description of the deficiencies and the corrective actions planned or taken. Monthly thereafter, USARC organizations must report their corrective action status through the chain of command to the first general officer in the mission chain of command until all corrective actions are completed.

b. USARC Major Subordinate Command (MSC) Commanders who fail to meet the minimum standards during formal higher headquarters Protection-related inspections/assessments will brief the USARC Deputy Commanding General (DCG) within 60 days of receiving formal notification of a failure. Briefings will incorporate a description of the deficiencies and the corrective actions planned or taken. Monthly thereafter, MSCs will report their corrective action status to the USARC G-34 until all corrective actions are completed.

6. For further information, contact COL Mike Magill, USARC G-34/Provost Marshal, at (910) 570-9111 or at thomas.m.magill.mil@army.mil.

JODY J. DANIELS
Lieutenant General, U.S. Army
Chief of Army Reserve/Commanding General, U.S. Army Reserve Command

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